Table 1 Newborn Congenital Syphilis Risk Classification by Maternal Characteristic

	Congenital Syphili	s Risk Classification of		
Newborn, (N (%))				
Characteristics of	Unlikely or Less	Possible or Highly		
RPR+ Mothers	Likely CS	Probable CS	N (%)	
Age <25	40 (22.3%)	22 (12.3%)	62 (34.6%)	0.508
AA/Black	88 (49.2%)	31 (17.3%)	119 (66.5%)	0.360
Hispanic	14 (7.8%)	11 (6.1%)	25 (14.0%)	0.409
Single	99 (55.3%)	48 (26.8%)	147 (82.1%)	0.766
Multigravida	94 (52.5%)	40 (22.3%)	134 (74.9%)	0.208
Hx of substance use	32 (17.9%)	19 (10.6%)	51 (28.5%)	0.381
Prenatal care				
3 or more visits	78 (43.6%)	36 (20. 1%)	114 (63.7%)	0.756
Co-Infection				
Any	28 (15.6%)	16 (8.9%)	44 (24.6%)	0.518
HIV	2 (1.1%)	2 (1.1%)	4 (2.2%)	0.447
Treated for syphilis				
Prior to pregnancy	55 (30.7%)	11 (6.1%)	66 (36.9%)	<0.001
During pregnancy	76 (42.5%)	34 (19.0%)	110 (61.6)	0.590
At delivery	11 (6.1%)	36 (20.1%)	47 (26.3%)	<0.001
First RPR+ during this pregnancy	61 (34.1%)	39 (21.8%)	100 (55.9%)	0.034