Figure 1: CPSO's "Decision-making for End-of-Life Care" Policy Revisions

2006

•When a patient will almost certainly not benefit from resuscitative measures, physicians should not offer CPR or other resuscitative measures

2015

•If a decision regarding a no-CPR order was disagreed by the patient and/or SDM, the physician could not write a no-CPR order and "if an even requiring CPR occurs, physicians must do CPR"

2016

•CPR provision mandated in the face of disagreement unless there was an absolute physiologic futility

2019

- •Removal of the phrase "must do CPR" allowing physician at bedside during a cardiac arrest to withhold CPR if they beleieved outside standard of care
- •No CPR order still could not be written if there was patient and/or SDM disagreement

2023

- •CPR deemed not a "treatment" therefore physician's decision to withhold does not require the patient or SDM's consent
- No CPR order able to be written in the patient's medical record in the face of patient and/or SDM disagreement